

Read Naturally®
Encore II
Masters Edition

Glossary

Phonics Level

1.8

Blends and Digraphs

Read Naturally created this glossary as a reference book for use with Read Naturally Encore II, Level 1.8. The definitions provided correspond to the words as they are used in the stories in this level. It is not a general dictionary.



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Read Naturally Encore II

Glossary—Level 1.8

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A Shadow

blocks¹⁵

Blocks means gets in the way of something and stops it. *The hat blocks the sunlight from her eyes.*

disappears²¹

Disappears means suddenly goes away. *The best part of the magic show is when the rabbit disappears; suddenly you can't see it anymore.*

in front of¹⁹

If you are in front of something, you are near the part that faces forward. *Put the sign in front of the house so people can read it as they drive down the street.*

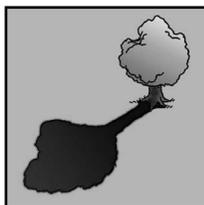
long¹⁸

If something is long, one end is far from the other. *She had long hair that hung all the way down her back.*



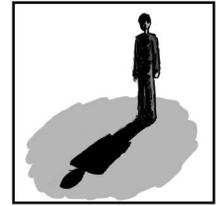
shade¹⁶

Shade is a place where sunlight is blocked. *He sat in the shade of a tree to get out of the sun.*



shadow¹³

A shadow is a dark shape made when light shines behind something.

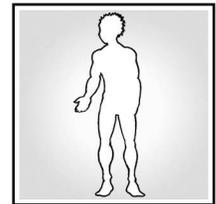


shake²⁰

Shake means to move something quickly up and down or back and forth. *Dad will shake the rug outside to get the dirt out of it.*

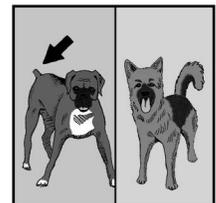
shape¹⁴

The shape of something is its form or outline. *A penny has the shape of a circle, and a book has the shape of a rectangle.*



short¹⁷

Short means not tall or not long. *Some dogs have short tails, and some have long tails.*



What Is a Glacier?

deep²⁵

Deep means going down a long way. *The pool was deep, so my feet couldn't touch the bottom.*

flakes²²

Flakes are small, thin pieces of things. *I don't like when the flakes of my cereal get soggy.*

flat³⁰

If something is flat, it does not have any bumps or sharp points. *Tabletops, books, and rulers are flat.*

float³¹

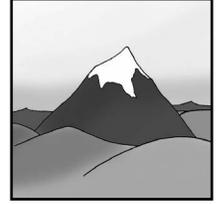
When things float, they stay on top of the water or up in the air. *Boats float on the water, and balloons float in the air.*

flows²⁷

When something flows, it moves smoothly along. *The river flows through the town.*

mountain²⁸

A mountain is a very high hill. *The top of a mountain can be above the clouds.*



packs²³

Packs means presses together and gets smaller.

slide²⁶

When things slide, they move smoothly. *It is fun to slide down a hill.*

slippery²⁴

If something is slippery, it is hard to walk on or hard to keep in your hands. *A wet floor is slippery.*



slopes²⁹

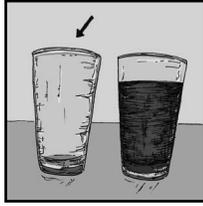
Slopes are the sides of hills or mountains.



Seashells

empty²¹

If something is empty, it has nothing inside. *After Pat drank all his milk, his glass was empty.*



flat¹⁵

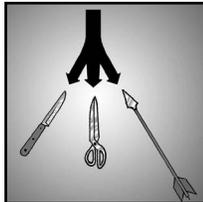
If something is flat, it does not have any bumps or sharp points. *Tabletops, books, and rulers are flat.*

hunt¹⁸

Hunt means to look for someone or something. *I have to hunt for my hat; it is somewhere in the house, but I don't know exactly where.*

points¹⁶

Points are sharp ends or tips of things. *The sharpened pencils have points.*

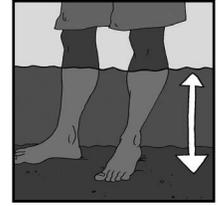


protect¹³

Protect means to keep safe from danger. *People wear coats in the winter to protect themselves from the cold.*

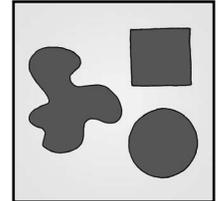
shallow²⁰

Shallow means not deep. *People can walk or sit in shallow water.*



shapes¹⁴

Shapes are forms or outlines of things. *Pennies have the shapes of circles, and books have the shapes of rectangles.*



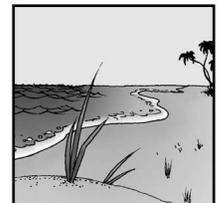
shiny¹⁷

If things are shiny, they are bright because they reflect light. *The car was shiny after it was cleaned and waxed.*



shore¹⁹

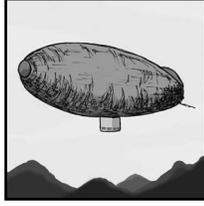
The shore is the land along the sides of a body of water.



The Blimp

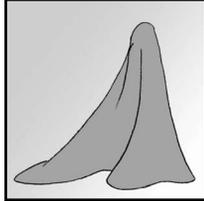
airship²³

An airship is a machine that is filled with gas and moves through the air.



cloth²⁴

Cloth is a material that people use to make many things. *She bought cloth to make curtains, a bedspread, and some clothes.*



enemy²⁸

An enemy is someone who is not friendly to you and may want to hurt you.

floating²²

If something is floating, it is on top of the water or up in the air. *The boat is floating on water, and the balloon is floating in the air.*

gas²⁵

A gas is like air and can be used to make things burn or make things float. *Helium is a gas we put in balloons to make them float in the air.*

pilot²⁶

A pilot is someone who flies a plane or controls a ship.



steers²⁷

Steers means guides something. *A driver steers a car.*

The Thumb

different¹³

Different means not the same. *Julie likes to wear her hair in different styles; sometimes she wears it curly, and sometimes she wears it straight.*

grip¹⁷

When you grip something, you hold it tightly. *You grip the baseball bat when you swing.*

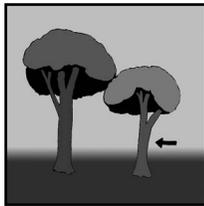
paws²⁰

Paws are the feet of animals like cats and dogs.



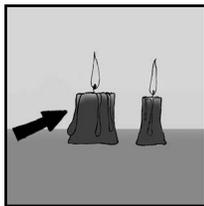
shorter¹⁵

Shorter means less long or less tall. *The little boy was shorter than his dad.*



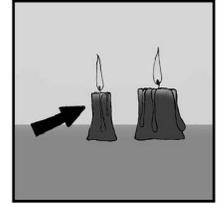
thicker¹⁴

Thicker means wider than something else. *Your leg is thicker than your arm.*



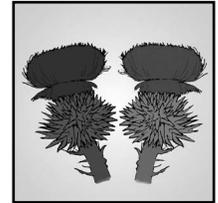
thin¹⁶

If something is thin, its sides are close together. *String is thin, and rope is thick.*



thistles¹⁸

Thistles are wild plants that have leaves with many thin, sharp points. *When I came from the woods, parts of thistles were stuck to my jacket.*



thorns¹⁹

Thorns are sharp points growing on the branches or stems of plants.



Snowstorms and Blizzards

block²⁵

Block means to get in the way of something and stop it. *Orange cones block roads when they are being fixed.*

dangerous²⁴

Dangerous means unsafe or likely to cause harm. *I don't play with fire because it is dangerous.*

different²²

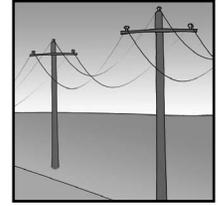
Different means not the same. *Julie likes to wear her hair in different styles; sometimes she wears it curly, and sometimes she wears it straight.*

float²³

When things float, they stay on top of the water or up in the air. *Boats float on the water, and balloons float in the air.*

power lines²⁶

Power lines are long wires that carry electricity. Electricity moves through power lines from the place where it is made to the places where it gets used.



stranded²⁷

If you are stranded, you need help because you cannot move from a place. *They were stranded on an island until a boat came to rescue them.*

stretch²¹

Stretch means to spread out or cover a space. *They built the bridge to stretch across the river.*

Thunder and Lightning

charges¹⁸

Charges are amounts of electricity in things.

electric¹⁷

If something is electric, it uses or has to do with electricity, which is a form of energy.

expands²⁰

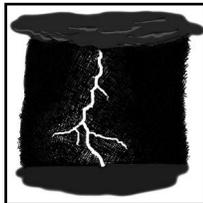
When something expands, it gets wider or bigger. *A balloon expands when you blow it up.*

flash¹⁴

A flash is a bright light that comes and goes quickly. *I saw a flash of red when the police car sped by.*

lightning¹⁵

Lightning is a bright light that moves in the sky during a storm.



rush²¹

A rush is a quick movement of people or things. *The boy was late, so he left in a rush.*

spark¹⁹

A spark is a short, bright light that is caused by electricity. *I saw a spark when Mom plugged in the old lamp.*

thick¹³

Thick means very close together so there is not much space in between. *The dandelions were so thick you couldn't see any grass.*

thunder¹⁶

Thunder is the loud sound that comes after lightning.

blind²⁶

The blind are people who cannot see.

bright²⁵

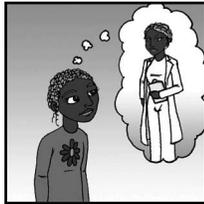
People who are bright learn things easily and can solve problems quickly. *The bright girl solved the word puzzle first.*

created³⁰

Created means made something new. *There was an empty patch of soil in the yard, so I created a garden there.*

dream²⁹

A dream is something a person hopes will come true. *The little girl's dream is to become a doctor.*



frightened²²

If you are frightened, you are very afraid or scared. *He was frightened by the big dog.*

grades²⁷

Grades are scores that tell how well something was done. *Our teachers gave us grades on our tests to show how many questions we answered correctly.*

libraries³²

Libraries are collections of books, music, or other materials that people can use or borrow.

pressed³¹

When something is pressed, it is pushed against hard enough to change its shape. *You can see his footprint pressed into the sand from where he stamped his foot down hard.*

raised²⁸

Raised means higher than the area around it. *The baby could feel the raised pictures in the touch-and-feel book.*

sight²³

If you have sight, you can see. *My grandpa is starting to lose his sight, so he got stronger reading glasses.*

trapped²⁴

Trapped means caught, stuck, or unable to get away. *The caterpillar was trapped in a jar so that it could not get away.*

loudly¹⁶

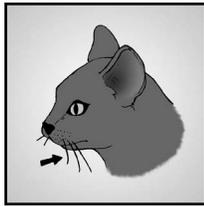
Loudly means in a way that can be heard from far away. *The baby cried loudly when he was hungry.*

whack¹⁵

A whack is a loud sound something makes when it slaps or hits against something else. *The book fell and hit the floor with a big whack.*

whiskers¹⁷

Whiskers are long, stiff hairs that grow on the faces of some mammals.



whistle¹³

A whistle is a high sound made by blowing air.

whoosh¹⁴

A whoosh is the sound that something makes as it moves quickly through air or water. *I could hear the whoosh of the cars speeding past me as I stood by the road.*

young¹⁸

Young means not old or started not long ago. *Babies are young, and grandparents are older.*

brake²⁰

The brake is the part of a bike, car, or other vehicle that you can use to slow or stop it. *The car stopped when the driver pressed on the brake.*

bright²³

If something is bright, it shines or gives off a lot of color. *A parrot is a bird with bright feathers.*

draws²⁵

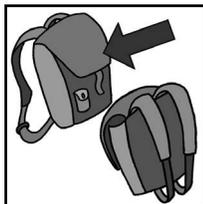
Draws means pulls or takes out from something. *The man draws his wallet out of his pocket and takes out some money to pay for dinner.*

drops²¹

When someone drops you off, you are left somewhere. *Mom drops us off at school in the morning.*

front²⁴

The front of something is the first part of it or the part that faces forward. *The front car on a train is the first car.*



pole²⁹

A pole is a long, round stick or rod. *Tran tried to catch fish by tying a string with a hook onto a pole.*



power²⁶

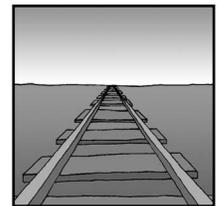
Power is energy that is used to make machines, trolleys, and many other things work. *The power went out during the storm, so our lights went out.*

stretch²⁸

Stretch means to spread out or cover a space. *They built the bridge to stretch across the river.*

tracks²²

Tracks are the two metal lines on the ground that trains or trolleys move on. *Always look both ways when you come to train tracks across a road.*



travels¹⁹

Travels means moves from one place to another. *Kate travels on trains.*

wires²⁷

Wires are pieces of thin metal used for carrying electricity. *Wires in a computer help it work.*

What Animal Am I?

Story 11
Glossary, Tracks 13–19

excited¹⁸

Excited means very happy about or really looking forward to something. *She was excited to go to the fair.*

whimper¹⁷

Whimper means to cry using weak, short sounds.

whine¹⁹

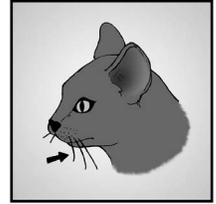
Whine means to make a long, high sound because of sadness or pain. *Dogs and people sometimes whine when they are upset.*

whinny¹³

Whinny means to make the low, gentle noise that a horse makes. *We heard the ponies whinny to one another in the barn.*

whiskers¹⁶

Whiskers are long, stiff hairs that grow on the faces of some mammals.



whistle¹⁵

Whistle means to make a high sound by blowing air.

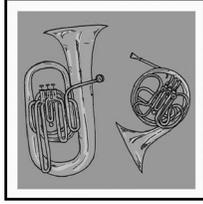
whooping¹⁴

Whooping means a loud, hooting cry or shout.

Brass Instruments

brass instruments²¹

Brass instruments are musical instruments that have cup-shaped mouthpieces and are often made of brass and other metal.



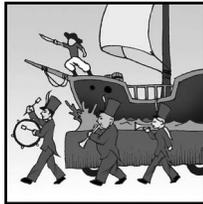
front²³

The front of something is the part that comes first. *The person at the front of the line was first to get lunch.*



parade²⁰

A parade happens when people move down the street in a long line. *We stood on the sidewalk and watched the people walking in the parade.*



press²⁶

Press means to push hard against something. *When you press a doorbell, the bell rings inside the house.*

pretend²⁷

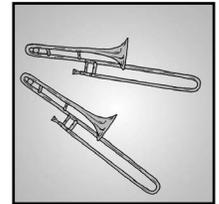
Pretend means to make believe that something is true. *She liked to pretend her doll was alive.*

trick²⁵

A trick is a quick or clever way to do something. *The trick to opening that door is to push hard.*

trombones²²

Trombones are musical instruments made of long, bent tubes that slide in and out to make the sounds.



trumpets²⁴

Trumpets are musical instruments shaped like bent metal tubes that are wide on one end.



chief¹³

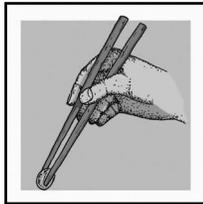
Chief means main or most important. *The boy's chief way of going places was riding his bike.*

chop¹⁶

When you chop something, you cut or break it with something sharp. *Lumberjacks chop wood with axes.*

chopsticks¹⁸

Chopsticks are thin sticks that some people use to eat their food.



chunks¹⁷

Chunks are big pieces of things. *There are chunks of chocolate in the cookies.*

munch¹⁴

Munch means to chew or snack on something. *Many people like to munch popcorn while watching a movie.*

still¹⁹

Still means not moving. *The students sat so still that they looked like statues.*

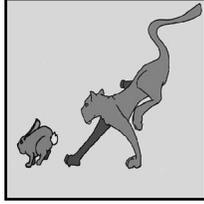
stir-fry¹⁵

Stir-fry is a meal made with cut-up vegetables, meat, or fish. Stir-fry is cooked, or fried, with a little oil over high heat.

The Spitting Spider

hunt²²

When people or animals hunt, they find and kill animals for food.



insect²⁴

An insect is a small animal with six legs that usually has wings. *A fly is an insect; so is a beetle.*



skinny²³

Skinny means slender, or very thin.

spin²⁰

Spin means to make a thread from liquid that the body makes. *Caterpillars spin silk and wind it around their bodies to form cocoons.*

spits²⁶

Spits means sends spit, food, or liquid out of the mouth. *The baby spits out her food when she doesn't like it.*

still²⁵

Still means not moving. *The students sat so still that they looked like statues.*

strange²⁸

If something is strange, it is different from what you are used to seeing. *Wilma thought the man looked strange because he was wearing a heavy jacket on the hottest day of summer.*

trapped²⁷

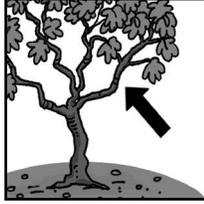
Trapped means caught, stuck, or unable to get away. *The caterpillar was trapped in a jar so that it could not get away.*

webs²¹

Webs are nets of thin, sticky strings that spiders make to catch bugs.

branch¹⁴

A branch is the long part of a tree that comes out from the trunk like an arm.



pick¹⁹

When you pick something, you take it in your hand and pull it off of something else. *You can pick flowers from a garden.*

chance¹³

A chance is a time or opportunity to do something. *The man was happy he had the chance to see the basketball game.*

reach¹⁷

Reach means to touch or get hold of something. *If I stand on my toes, I can reach the cookie jar.*

change¹⁵

When things change, they become different from the way they were before.

tools¹⁶

Tools are things that are made or shaped to help you do work. *Hammers are tools that help people build things.*

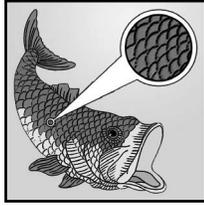
chief¹⁸

Chief means main or most important. *The boy's chief way of going places was riding his bike.*

Snake Skin

scales²³

Scales are flat, thin plates that cover the bodies of some animals. *Many kinds of reptiles and fish are covered in scales.*



shed²⁴

When animals shed, they lose some fur or a layer of skin.



slides²⁰

When something slides, it moves smoothly. *A sled slides down a hill.*

splits²⁵

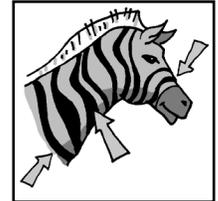
When something splits, it tears or breaks.

stretches²⁶

When something stretches, it gets bigger or longer. *The boy stretches his arms as far as he can when he wakes up.*

stripes²¹

Stripes are long, thin lines of color.



thin²²

If something is thin, its sides are close together. *String is thin, and rope is thick.*

The Wheel

cart¹⁸

A cart is a small vehicle that is used to carry or move things. *At the store, I use a shopping cart to carry the things I want to buy to the clerk.*

easier¹⁹

Easier means not as hard to do as something else. *Most people think riding a bicycle is easier than riding a unicycle.*

everywhere¹³

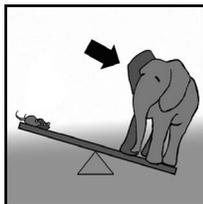
If things are everywhere, they are in many places or all over. *In the city, you see cars, houses, and people everywhere.*

exactly²⁰

Exactly means without any change or mistake. *He did his work exactly as the teacher wanted, so he got a good mark on it.*

heavy¹⁵

If something is heavy, it is hard to lift or move. *The piano was so heavy that it took five people to move it across the room.*



invented²¹

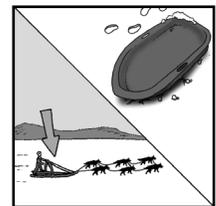
Invented means made for the first time.

shape¹⁷

The shape of something is its form or outline. *A penny has the shape of a circle, and a book has the shape of a rectangle.*

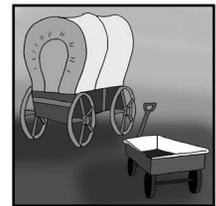
sleds¹⁶

Sleds are things that slide on ice and snow.



wagons¹⁴

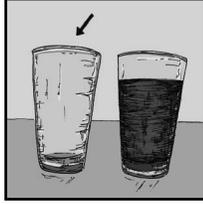
Wagons are carts that have four wheels and are used to carry things.



Stringed Instruments

empty²⁵

If something is empty, it has nothing inside. *After Pat drank all his milk, his glass was empty.*



snap²⁴

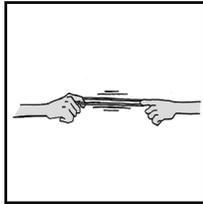
Snap means to pull and let go of in order to make a short, loud noise.

spread²⁹

When you spread something, you open it so it covers a big area. *Mom told me to spread the rug on the floor so the dog can sleep on it.*

stretch²²

Stretch means to pull something to its full length. *The boy likes to stretch his arms as high as he can when he wakes up.*



strike²⁸

Strike means to hit.

stringed instrument²⁶

A stringed instrument is a musical instrument that has strings, like a guitar or violin.



strum²⁷

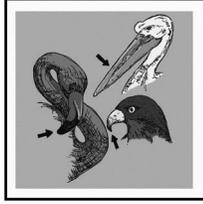
When people strum an instrument, they move their fingers lightly over the strings. *They strum their guitars while their friends sing.*

tightly²³

Tightly means in a way that is completely pulled or stretched. *Gwen pulled the string around the box so tightly that it almost broke.*

bills¹⁴

Bills are the beaks of birds. *Eagles can carry fish in their bills.*

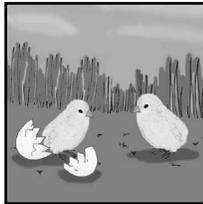


chests¹⁶

Chests are parts of bodies between the necks and the stomachs. *They pinned the ribbons on the winners' chests.*

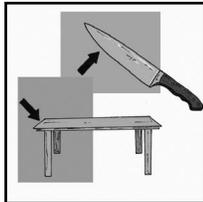
chicks¹⁹

Chicks are baby birds. *Bluebird chicks are not blue at first; they get their blue feathers as they grow into adult birds.*



edges¹⁸

Edges are thin sides of things. *The broken glass had many sharp edges.*

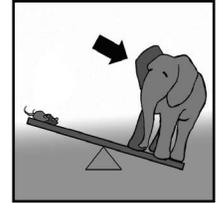


fresh water¹⁷

Fresh water is water that does not have salt. *Lakes and rivers have fresh water.*

heavy¹⁵

If something is heavy, it is hard to lift or move. *The piano was so heavy that it took five people to move it across the room.*



parents²⁰

Parents are mothers and fathers. *My parents came to watch my baseball game.*

storks¹³

Storks are birds with long legs, long necks, and long, straight bills. Storks live and feed in shallow water.

guest²¹

A guest is a person who visits other people and places. *My cousin was a guest when he came to our house last week.*

pest²³

A pest is something that bothers you. *The fly was a pest at our picnic.*

picnic²²

A picnic is a meal you eat outdoors, often with a group of people. *We packed food and dishes for our picnic by the lake.*



rest²⁴

Rest means to stay still or not move much.

shape²⁶

The shape of something is its form or outline. *A penny has the shape of a circle, and a book has the shape of a rectangle.*

sting²⁵

Sting means to poke someone with a small, sharp body part.

task²⁸

A task is a difficult job or assignment. *When we moved, my main task was to label the boxes; each label told what was inside.*

thin²⁷

If something is thin, its sides are close together. *String is thin, and rope is thick.*

Chocolate Chip Cookies

Story 21
Glossary, Tracks 13–21

baked¹⁸

Baked means cooked in an oven.
The dough baked into bread in the oven.

bits¹⁶

Bits are small pieces. *The glass fell and broke into hundreds of tiny bits.*

chances are¹³

Chances are means probably, or there is a good chance of something. *If you are in first grade at school, chances are you are learning how to read.*

chopped¹⁵

Chopped means cut or broke with something sharp. *The lumberjack chopped the wood with an axe.*

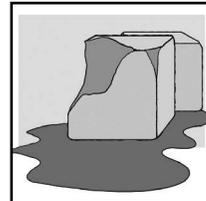
inn¹⁴

An inn is a place where people can live for a while when they are away from home. *When we visited the city, we stayed for a night at an inn there.*



melt¹⁷

Melt means to change from a solid into a liquid. *An ice cube can melt into water.*



rich²¹

If something is rich, it has a lot of flavor. *The frosting on the birthday cake was very rich and sweet.*

shape¹⁹

The shape of something is its form or outline. *A penny has the shape of a circle, and a book has the shape of a rectangle.*

shared²⁰

Shared means let someone else use or have something of yours. *I shared my art supplies with Donna because she forgot hers at home.*

downwind²⁹

If you are downwind from something, the wind blows past that thing on its way toward you. *I stood downwind from the bakery, and I could smell the delicious bread.*

front²⁵

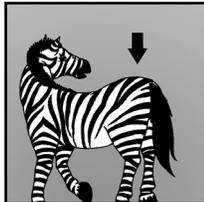
The front of something is the first part of it or the part that faces forward. *The front car on a train is the first car.*

glands²⁴

Glands are parts of the body that make fluids the body uses. *Sweat came out of his sweat glands.*

hind end²⁶

Hind end means the back end of something. *A zebra's tail is on its hind end.*



hint²⁸

A hint is a tip or clue. *Mom told her a hint about how to solve the puzzle.*

musk²³

Musk is a strong-smelling substance that comes out of the bodies of some animals. *Some perfumes are made with musk.*

pounds²²

Pounds means hits or stomps hard. *He pounds on the door when he wants to get in.*



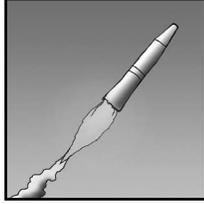
shoots²⁷

Shoots means sends out with great force or speed. *The boy shoots the rocket into the air.*

The Great White Shark

missile¹⁷

A missile is a long, thin weapon that is shot at an enemy. *A bullet is a kind of missile, and so is a rocket.*



rows¹⁵

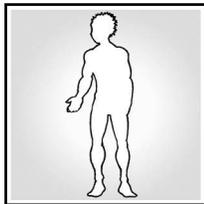
Rows are people or things in lines.

shake¹³

Shake means to move without control and with quick, short movements. *She was so cold that she started to shake and couldn't even hold her coffee cup still.*

shape¹⁸

The shape of something is its form or outline. *A penny has the shape of a circle, and a book has the shape of a rectangle.*



shoot¹⁹

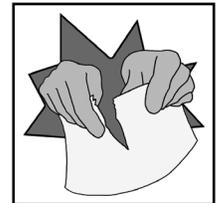
Shoot means to move forward with great force or speed. *The rocket will shoot into the air.*

shown²⁰

If something is shown, it is put where it can be seen. *The answers in the math book were shown in the back of the book; students could look there to make sure they had solved the math problems correctly.*

tear¹⁶

Tear means to pull apart or rip. *Luke started to tear the piece of paper in two.*



wide¹⁴

If something is wide, it is long from side to side. *A triangle is wide at the bottom.*

antlers²⁷

Antlers are the hard body parts that grow on the heads of deer, elk, and moose.

**coats**²³

Animals' coats are their fur, wool, or hair. *Many foxes have orange coats and fluffy tails.*

lick²²

Lick means to move the tongue across something. *The kids lick their lollipops.*

mild²⁶

Mild means not too cold, wet, or hot. *The children did not wear coats when the weather was mild.*

molt²⁵

Molt means to lose skin, hair, feathers, or another body covering so that a new covering can grow. *Each year, the snake will molt; it will lose its old skin and grow a new layer.*

points²⁹

Points are sharp ends or tips of things. *The sharpened pencils have points.*

thick²⁴

Thick means very close together so there is not much space in between. *The dandelions were so thick you couldn't see any grass.*

tilt²⁸

Tilt means to lean or tip. *If you tilt too far back on your chair, you will fall over.*

weigh²¹

How much things weigh is how heavy they are. *Feathers are easy to carry because they don't weigh very much.*



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